In particular, zolpidem may be incorporated into the encapsulated products of the present invention to effectively deliver zolpidem to a patient in need thereof. In particular, zolpidem can be formulated with the present invention in doses ranging from about 5.0 to 30.0 mg daily, the preferred range being from about 5.0 to 10.0 mg daily. One of ordinary skill in the art will be able to determine the proper dosage for the remaining disclosed drugs. Moreover, all the examples are non-limiting and it will be understood that other psychotrpoics may be used with the present inventive subject matter.

Still yet another preferred active material used in the composition of the present inventive matter is a gastrointestinal therapeutic. Gastrointestinal therapeutics are used to treat gastritis, nausea and vomiting, gastroesophegal reflux disease, colitis, Crohn's disease and diarrhea. Classes of drugs include proton pump inhibitors, histamine H_2 receptor antagonists, terpene analogs, and NSAID'S.

For the treatment of gastritis, drugs such as omeprazole, lansoprazole, ranitidine HCl, famotidine, nizatidine, teprenone, cimetidine, rabeprazole sodium, and sulpiride can be used in the compositions of the present inventive subject matter.

For the treatment of nausea and vomiting, drugs such as ondansetron HCl, granisetron HCl, dolasetron mesylate, and tropisetron may be used.

In particular, omeprazole may be incorporated into the encapsulated products of the present invention to effectively deliver omeprazole to a patient in need thereof. In particular, omeprazole can be formulated with the present invention in doses ranging from about 10.0 to 60.0 mg daily, the preferred range being from about 15.0 to 25.0 mg daily. One of ordinary skill in the art will be able to determine the proper dosage for the

remaining disclosed drugs. Moreover, all the examples are non-limiting and it will be understood that other gastrointestinal therapeutics may be used with the present inventive subject matter.

Another preferred active material used in the compositions of the present invention include cardiovascular therapeutics. Cardiovascular therapeutics treat hypertension, angina, myocardial infarction, congestive heart failure, acute coronary syndrome, edema, ventricular tachycardia, hyperaldosteronism, ventricular arrhythmia, cardiac insufficiency, atrial fibrillation, arterial occlusion, cardiac decompensation, and microcirculation activation.

A related class of cardiovascular therapeutics are cholesterol reducers such as 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzymeA ("HMG-CoA") reductase inhibitors. HMG-CoA inhibitors work by blocking an enzyme used to make cholesterol. Blocking cholesterol thereby treats hypercholesterolemia which is a significant cause of cardiovascular disease.

For the treatment of hypercholesterolemia, drugs such as simvastin, atorvastatin calcium, pravastatin sodium, pravastatin, lovastatin, fluvastatin sodium, cerivastatin sodium can be used in the compositions of the present inventive subject matter.

For the treatment of hypertension, drugs such as nifedipine, amlodipine besylate, losartan potassium, lisinopril, felodipine, benazepril HCl, ramipril, irbesartan, verapamil HCl, bisoprolol fumarate and hydrochlorothiazide, amlodipine and benazepril HCl, clonidine, candesartan, cilexetil, diltiazem, nicardipine, imidapril, trandolapril, eprosartan mesylate, nilvadipine, verapamil HCl, temocapril, prazosin HCl, isradipine, cilazapril, celiprolol, bisoprolol, betazolol HCl,

ramipril, nisoldipine, lisinopril, trandolapril, and nisoldipine can be used in the compositions of the present inventive subject matter.

For the treatment of congestive heart failure, drugs such as dioxin, carvedilol, spironolactone, trandolapril, and bisoprolol can be used in the compositions of the present inventive subject matter.

In particular, simvastin may be incorporated into the encapsulated products of the present invention to effectively deliver simvastin to a patient in need thereof. In particular, simvastin can be formulated with the present invention in doses ranging from about 5.0 to 80 mg daily. One of ordinary skill in the art will be able to determine the proper dosage for the remaining disclosed drugs. Moreover, all the examples are non-limiting and it will be understood that drugs from the disclosed classes may also be used with the present inventive subject matter.

Still another preferred active material used in the composition of the present invention is a therapeutic useful for treating allergic rhinitis. The classes of compounds useful for treating allergic rhinitis include alkylamines, ethanolamines, ethylenediamines, piperazines, phenothiazine, piperdines, and nonsedating compounds.

Among the non-sedating compounds that can be used in the present invention are loratadine, fexofenadine HCl, certirizine HCl, and astemizole. Other drugs which can also be used are fluticasone propionate, mometasone furoate, epinastine, beclomethasone dipropionate, triamcinolone acetonide, budesonide, and azelastine.

In particular, loratadine may be incorporated into the encapsulated products of the present invention to effectively deliver loratadine to a patient in need thereof. In particular,